

BELIZE

PROTECTION OF LAYOUT-DESIGNS (TOPOGRAPHIES) OF INTEGRATED CIRCUITS ACT CHAPTER 256

REVISED EDITION 2011 SHOWING THE SUBSTANTIVE LAWS AS AT 31^{ST} DECEMBER, 2011

This is a revised edition of the Substantive Laws, prepared by the Law Revision Commissioner under the authority of the Law Revision Act, Chapter 3 of the Substantive Laws of Belize, Revised Edition 2011.

[CAP. 256]

PROTECTION OF LAYOUT-DESIGNS (TOPOGRAPHIES) OF INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

PART I

Preliminary

- 1. Short title.
- 2. Interpretation.
- 3. Application of Act.
- 4. Originality.

PART II

Licensing, Registration, Publication, Protection etc., of Layout Designs.

- 5. Right to protection.6. Effect of protection
- 7. Commencement and duration of protection.
- 8. Applications.
- 9. Correction of application.
- 10. Application fee.
- 11. Where application is not in English.
- 12. Register.
- 13. Registration and publication of layout-design.

4	[CAP. 250	Protection of Layout-Designs
	14.	Right to transfer; rectification of Register.
	15.	Changes in ownership.
	16.	Licence contracts.
	17.	Exploitation by Government agency or third person.
	18.	Invalidation.
	19.	Agents.
	20.	Registrar.
	21.	Exercise of discretionary power.
	22.	Extension of time for applications.
		PART III
		Miscellaneous
	23.	Jurisdiction of Court.
	24.	Infringement.
	25.	Offences.
	26.	Registrar's annual report.
	27.	Application of international treaties.
	28.	Regulations.
HE SU	BSTANTIVE LAWS	
		Printed by Authority of the Government of Belize

CHAPTER 256

PROTECTION OF LAYOUT - DESIGNS (TOPOGRAPHIES) OF INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

15 of 2000. S.I. 106 of 2001. [9th]

[9th June, 2001]

PART I

Preliminary

1. This Act may be cited as the Protection of Layout-Designs (Topographies)

Supreme Court of Judicature Act, Cap. 91;

of Integrated Circuits Act.

- 2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,
- "Court" means the Supreme Court of Judicature established under the
- "integrated circuit" means a product, in its final form or an intermediate form, in which the elements, at least one of which is an active element,

and some or all of the interconnections, are integrally formed in or on any

"Journal" means the Journal of Intellectual Property created under section 5 (*d*) of the Patents Act, Cap. 253;

material, and which is intended to perform an electronic function;

- "Office" means the Office of Companies, Corporate Affairs and Intellectual Property;
- "layout-designs" means the three dimensional disposition, however expressed, of the elements of an integrated circuit, at least one of which element is active, and some or all the interconnections of an integrated circuit, or such a three dimensional disposition prepared for an integrated circuit intended for manufacture;

THE SUBSTANTIVE LAWS OF BELIZE

REVISED EDITION 2011

Short title.

Interpretation.

Printed by Authority of the Government of Belize

6	[CAP. 256	Protection of Layout-Designs	
	"Minister"	means the Attorney General;	

12 of this Act; and
"Registrar" means the Registrar of Companies, Corporate Affairs and

"Register" means the Register of Layout-Designs referred to in section

Intellectual Property.

"right holder" means the person who is regarded as the beneficiary of the protection referred to in section 5 of this Act;

4.–(1) No layout-design of an integrated circuit shall be protected under

this Act unless it is original within the meaning of subsection (2) of this

creators of layout-designs and manufacturers of integrated circuits at the

3. A layout-design which has been commercially exploited anywhere in the world for more than two years before the coming into force of this Act shall not be protected under this Act.

section.

(2) A layout-design shall be considered to be original if it is the result of the creator's own intellectual effort and is not commonplace among

time of its creation.

(3) A layout-design consisting of a combination of elements and interconnections which are commonplace shall be protected only if

interconnections which are commonplace shall be protected only if the combination, taken as a whole, is original within the meaning of subsection (2) of this section.

THE SUBSTANTIVE LAWS OF BELIZE

Application of

Originality.

[CAP. 256]

Right to protec-

Effect of protec-

PART II

Licensing, Registration, Publication, Protection etc., of Layout Designs.

- **5.**–(1) The right to protection of a layout-design shall belong to the creator of the layout-design and may be assigned or transferred by succession.
- (2) Where several persons have jointly created a layout-design, the right shall belong to them jointly.
- (3) Where the layout-design has been created in execution of a commission or a contract of employment, the right to protection of the layout-design shall belong, in the absence of an agreement to the contrary, to the person who commissioned the work or to the employer, as the case may be.
- **6.**–(1) Protection under this Act shall not depend upon whether or not the integrated circuit which incorporates the protected layout-design is itself incorporated in an article.
- the effect of the protection of a layout-design under this Act shall be to make the following acts unlawful if performed without the authorisation of the right holder,

 (a) the reproduction, whether by incorporation in an

(2) Subject to subsection (3) of this section and to section 17 of this Act,

- (a) the reproduction, whether by incorporation in an integrated circuit or otherwise, of the protected layout-design in its entirety or any part thereof; except the reproduction of any part that does not comply with the requirement of originality defined in section 4 of this Act:
- (b) the importation, sale or other distribution, for commercial purposes, of the protected layout-design, an integrated circuit in which the protected layout-design is incorporated, or an article

BELIZE REVISED EDITION 2011

Printed by Authority of the Government of Belize

(b)

continues to contain an unlawfully reproduced layout-design.

(3) The effect of the protection of a layout-design under this Act

- shall not extend to,
 - (a) the reproduction of the protected layout-design for private purposes or for the sole purpose of evaluation, analysis, research or teaching;

incorporating such an integrated circuit in so far as it

layout-design created on the basis of such analysis or evaluation, and which is itself original within the meaning of section 4 of this Act, or the performance of any act referred to in subsections (1) and (2) of this section in respect of that layout-design;

(c) the performance of any act referred to in subsection (2) (b) of this section, where the act is performed in respect of a protected layout-design, or in respect

the incorporation, in an integrated circuit, of a

of an integrated circuit in which such a layout design is incorporated, that has been put on the market by, or with the consent of, the right holder;

(d) the performance of any act referred to in subsection (2) (b) of this section in respect of an integrated circuit incorporating an unlawfully reproduced layout-design or any article incorporating such an integrated circuit where the person performing or ordering the performance of such an act did not know, and had no reasonable ground for knowing, when acquiring the integrated circuit, or the article incorporating such integrated circuit, that it incorporated an unlawfully reproduced layout-

THE SUBSTANTIVE LAWS OF BELIZE

REVISED EDITION 2011

design; or

the performance of any act referred to in

anywhere in the world, of the layout-design by, or with the consent of, the right holder, provided that an application for protection is filed by the right holder with the Registrar within the time Commencement and duration of protection.

- subsection (2) (b) where the act is performed in respect of an identical layout-design which is original and has been created independently by a third party.
- (4) Where the person referred to in subsections (3)(d) of this section, has received sufficient notice that the layout-design was unlawfully reproduced, that person may perform any of the acts referred to in that subsection only with respect to the stock on hand or ordered before he received the notice, and shall be liable to pay, to the right holder, a sum equivalent to such reasonable royalty as would be payable under a freely negotiated licence in respect of such layout-design.

(e)

- 7.–(1) The protection of a layout-design under this Act shall commence, (a) on the date of the first commercial exploitation,
- limit referred to in section 8(3) of this Act; or (b) on the filing date accorded the application for the registration of the layout-design filed by the right holder if the layout design has not been previously exploited commercially anywhere in
- (2) The protection of a layout-design under this Act shall terminate ten calendar years after the date of commencement thereof.

the world.

- 8.-(1) Any person who wishes to register a layout design shall file, with
- the Registrar, an application on the prescribed form.
- (2) The applicant shall file a separate application for each layout design.

Applications.

REVISED EDITION 2011

the layout design has not yet been commercially exploited, or has been commercially exploited for not more than two years anywhere in the world.

(4) An application shall,

(3) A person may apply for the registration of layout-design only if

(b)

and

- (a) contain a request that the layout-design be registered, which request shall be accompanied by a brief and precise designation of the layout-design;
 - of the applicant;

 (c) be accompanied by the power of attorney appointing the representative of the applicant, if any, and by a copy or drawing of the layout-

design, along with information defining the electronic function which the integrated circuit

indicate the name, address, nationality and, if different from the address, the habitual residence

- is intended to perform;

 (d) specify the date of first commercial exploitation of the layout-design anywhere in the world, or indicate that such exploitation has not commenced;
- (e) provide particulars establishing the right to protection under section 5 of this Act.
- (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (4)(c) of this section, the application may omit such parts of the copy or drawing as relate to the manner of manufacture of the integrated circuit, provided that the parts submitted are sufficient to enable the layout design to be identified.

[CAP. 256]

Correction of application.

- 9.-(1) Where an application does not comply with the requirements of section 8(4), the Registrar shall notify the applicant in writing of the defects in the application and invite him to correct them within two months of such notification.
- (2) Where the applicant corrects the application within the time specified by the Registrar, the Registrar shall accord, as the filing date of the application, the date of receipt of the application, provided that at the time of such receipt, the application,

(b)

- (a) contains an express or implied indication that the registration of a layout design is requested;
 - applicant to be established; and is accompanied by a copy or drawing of the (c)

contains information enabling the identity of the

- layout-design. (3) Where the requirements of subsection (2) of this section are not complied with at the date of the receipt of the application but are fulfilled within the time specified by the Registrar, the date of the receipt of the
- required correction shall be deemed to be the filing date of the application, and the Registrar shall confirm the filing date and communicate it to the applicant in writing.
- (4) The application shall be deemed not to have been filed if the applicant does not correct any defects in his application within the time specified by the Registrar.
- **10.**–(1) Every application for the protection of a layout-design shall be accompanied by the prescribed application fee.
- (2) Where the application fee is not paid, the Registrar shall, in writing, notify the applicant that the application shall be deemed not to have been filed unless payment is made within two months of the date of the notification.

REVISED EDITION 2011

Application fee.

THE SUBSTANTIVE LAWS OF BELIZE Printed by Authority of the Government of Belize

(3) Where the applicant does not pay the application fee within the time notified, the application shall be deemed not to have been filed.

Where application is not in English.

11. Any application filed under this Act shall, if not in English, be accompanied by a translation thereof in English, verified by the translator

that the translation is to the best of his knowledge complete and faithful.

12.–(1) The Registrar shall maintain a register to be known as "the Register of Layout-Designs" in which he shall record all matters which must under this Act be recorded.

date of the first commercial exploitation anywhere in the world, of the layout-design, the name and address of the right holder, and such other particulars as may be prescribed.

(3) Any person may, upon payment of the prescribed fee, and in

(2) The Registrar shall contain the number, title, filing date and, where indicated in the application under section 8 (4)(d) of this Act, the

copy of, or obtain an extract from, the Register.

(4) The Register shall be *prima facie* evidence of anything required

accordance with any prescribed conditions, consult, inspect or make a

- or authorised by this Act to be registered, and shall be admissible and sufficient evidence of any such thing.
- (5) A certificate signed by the Registrar and certifying that any entry which he is authorised by this Act to make or has not made, or that any other thing which he is so authorised to do has or has not been done, shall be *prima facie* evidence, and shall be admissible and sufficient evidence, of the matters so certified.
 - (6) Each of the following, that is to say a copy of,
 - (a) an entry in the Register or an extract from the Register which is supplied under subsection (3) of this section; and

THE SUBSTANTIVE LAWS OF BELIZE

Register.

(b)

Registration publication

layout-design.

Right to transfer; rectification

Register.

[CAP. 256]

any document kept in the Office, or an extract from any such document, or any matter which has been published under this Act,

which is a certified copy or a certified extract shall be admitted in evidence without further proof and without production of the original, and such evidence shall be sufficient evidence of the matters stated therein.

- (7) In this section, "certified copy" and "certified extract" means a copy or extract certified by the Registrar and sealed with his seal.
- 13. Where an application complies with the requirements of section 8 of this Act, the Registrar shall,
 - register the layout-design in the Register without (a) examining the originality of the layout-design, the applicant's entitlement to protection, or the correctness of the facts stated in the application; and
- (b) publish the registration of the layout-design in the Journal.

14.–(1) Where the substantive content of the application has been taken

from the layout-design of another person without his consent, that other

- person may, in writing, request the Registrar to transfer the application to him. (2) Where the application has already resulted in a registration, the
- person may, within three years of the publication of the registration, request the Registrar, in writing, to transfer the registration to him and to rectify the entry in the Register accordingly.
- (3) The Registrar shall forthwith send a copy of the request to the right holder, and, within the prescribed period and in the prescribed manner, the right holder may file with the Registrar a counter-statement of the grounds on which he relies.

₁₄ [0	CAP. 256 Protection of Layout-Designs
	(4) Where the right holder files a counter-statement, the Registrar shall furnish a copy thereof to the person requesting the transfer and after hearing the parties if they wish to be heard, and considering the merits of the case, shall decide whether the application or registration should be transferred and where applicable whether the Register should be rectified.
Changes in owner-ship.	15. –(1) Any change in the ownership of a protected layout design shall be,
	(a) in writing and addressed to the Registrar;
	(b) recorded in the Register by the Registrar; and
	(c) published by the Registrar in the Journal.
	(2) A change referred to in subsection (1) of this section, shall have no effect against third parties unless it has been recorded.
Licence contracts.	16. –(1) The owner of a registered layout design may grant licences in respect of that layout-design.
	(2) A licence contract in respect of a layout-design shall upon the registration of the layout-design, be filed with the Registrar who shall keep its contents confidential but shall record it and publish a reference thereto in the Journal.
	(3) The licence contract shall have no effect against third parties unless it has been recorded.
Politication 1	4F (4) \$\$71

Exploitation

Government agency of third person.

by

17.–(1) Where,

(a) the public interest, in particular, national security, nutrition, health, or the development of any other vital sector of the national economy requires the exploitation of a protected layoutdesign for public non-commercial use; or

THE SUBSTANTIVE LAWS OF BELIZE

REVISED EDITION 2011

Printed by Authority of the Government of Belize

(b) the Minister has determined that the manner of exploitation by the owner of the protected layout-design or his licensee is anti-competitive, and he is satisfied that the exploitation of the layout-design in accordance with this subsection would remedy such practice,

the Minister may decide that even without the authorisation of the owner of the right, a Government agency or a third person designated by the Minister may exploit the layout design.

- (2) The exploitation of the layout-design shall be limited in scope and duration to the purpose for which it was authorised and shall be predominantly for the supply of the domestic market.
- (3) The exploitation shall be non-exclusive and shall be subject to the payment, to the right holder, of an adequate remuneration therefor, taking into account the economic value of the Minister's authorisation as determined in his decision and where applicable the need to correct anticompetitive practices.
- (4) Upon the request of the right holder or of the beneficiary of the authorisation the Minister may, after hearing the parties if they wish to be heard, vary the terms of the decision authorising the exploitation of the layout-design to the extent that changed circumstances justify such variation.
- (5) Upon the request of the right holder the Minister shall terminate the non-voluntary licence if he is satisfied, after hearing the parties if they wish to be heard, that the circumstances which led to his decision have ceased to exist and are unlikely to recur or that the beneficiary of the authorisation has failed to comply with the terms of the authorisation.
- (6) Notwithstanding subsection (5) of this section, the Minister shall not terminate an authorisation if he is satisfied that the adequate protection of the legitimate interests of the beneficiary of the authorisation justifies the maintenance of the authorisation.

(c)

(d)

the beneficiary of the authorisation, or with the part of the enterprise or business within which the layout-design is being exploited.

(8) A request for the Minister's authorisation shall be accompanied by evidence that the right holder has received from the person seeking the

(7) Where a third person has been designated by the Minister, the authorisation may only be transferred with the enterprise or business of

- authorisation a request for a licence, but that the person has been unable to obtain such licence on reasonable commercial terms and conditions and within a reasonable time.

 18.–(1)The Court may, on the application of any interested person,
- **18.**–(1)The Court may, on the application of any interested person, invalidate the registration of a layout-design on the grounds that,

 (a) the layout-design is not a layout-design as defined

in this Act:

- (b) the layout-design is not original within the
 - meaning of this Act;
 the right holder is not entitled to protection under
 - section 5 of this Act; or

where the layout-design has been commercially exploited anywhere in the world before the filing of the application for registration of the layoutdesign, the said application was not filed within

- the time limit referred to in sections 7(1) and 8 of this Act.

 (2) Where the grounds for invalidation are established with respect only to part of the layout-design, the Court shall invalidate only the
- only to part of the layout-design, the Court shall invalidate only the corresponding part of the registration.
- (3) Any invalidation under this section shall be regarded as null and void from the date of the commencement of the protection of the layout-design.

THE SUBSTANTIVE LAWS OF BELIZE

Invalidation.

Agents.

Registrar.

Exercise of discretionary power.

Extension of time for applications.

- (4) The Registrar of the Court shall, in writing, notify the Registrar of any final decision of the Court relating to invalidation under this section and the Registrar shall record the decision and publish it in the Journal as soon as possible.
- 19. Where an applicant's ordinary residence or principal place of business is outside Belize, he shall be represented by an attorney-at-law resident and practicing in Belize in accordance with the relevant law.
- 20. The Registrar shall perform the functions and exercise the powers
- conferred on him by this Act and any other enactment. 21. The Registrar shall give any party to a proceeding before him the opportunity of being heard before exercising any discretionary power vested in him under this Act if the exercise thereof might adversely affect
- 22.-(1) Where the Registrar is satisfied that the circumstances justify it, he may, upon the written request of any interested person, upon such terms as he may direct and upon written notice to the parties concerned, extend the time for doing any act or taking any proceeding under this Act or the Regulations.

that party.

(2) The extension may be granted even though the time for doing the act or taking the proceeding has expired, but the time for filing an application referred to in section 8(3) of this Act, may not be extended.

PART III

Miscellaneous

the application of this Act or the Regulations and in matters which, under

23.-(1) The Court shall have jurisdiction in cases of dispute relating to

this Act, may be brought before it.

of

THE SUBSTANTIVE LAWS OF BELIZE

REVISED EDITION 2011

Jurisdiction

Infringement.		nent shal	1
	willen is umawiui um		1 consist of the performance of any act in 6 of this Act.
	requested the owner t	o institute	the right holder or of a licensee if he has court proceedings for a specific relief and failed to do so, the Court may, as soon as
	(a)		an injunction to prevent infringement or an ent infringement;
	(b)	award	damages;
	(c)	order	the seizure, forfeiture or destruction of,
		(i)	any infringing layout-design, integrated circuit or any product or article of which the infringing layout-design or integrated design forms an integral part; or
		(ii)	any article, instrument or thing by means of which any such infringing layout design, integrated circuit or article was produced; or
	(d)	grant genera	any other remedy provided for in the law.
			section may be instituted only after an of the layout-design has been filed with
Offences.			rms an act which is unlawful under section ble to a fine of not less than fifteen thousand
HE SUBSTANTIV	E LAWS OF BELIZE		REVISED EDITION 2011 y Authority of the ament of Belize

Protection of Layout-Designs

(2) Any person who is aggrieved by a decision of the Minister or the Registrar under this Act may, within two months of that decision, appeal

[CAP. 256]

18

dollars, but not more than forty thousand dollars, or to imprisonment for a term of not less than five years, but not more than ten years, or to both such fine and term of imprisonment.

(2) Any person who, knowing the same to be false,

(c)

- (a) makes or causes to be made a false entry in the Register;
 - (b) makes or causes to be made any document falsely purporting to be a copy of an entry in the Register; or

produces, tenders or causes to be produced in

evidence any such entry or copy thereof,
commits an offence and is liable to a fine of not less than ten thousand

dollars, but not more than thirty thousand dollars, or to imprisonment for a term of not less than three years, but not more than ten years, or to both such fine and term of imprisonment.

- **26.** The Registrar shall, before 1st June every year, make an annual report to the Minister regarding the operation of this Act and the discharge of his functions thereunder.
- this Act, and in case of conflict with the provisions of this Act, shall prevail over the latter.

27. The provisions of any international treaty in respect of industrial

property to which Belize is a party shall apply to matters dealt with by

28. The Minister may make regulations providing for any matter which is to be prescribed under this Act, and for giving effect to the purposes of this Act.

Registrar's annual

Application of international treaties.

Regulations.

report.