

BELIZE

PROTECTION OF NEW PLANT VARIETIES ACT CHAPTER 255

REVISED EDITION 2011

SHOWING THE SUBSTANTIVE LAWS AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2011

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CHAPTER 255

PROTECTION OF NEW PLANT VARIETIES

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CHAPTER 255

PROTECTION OF NEW PLANT VARIETIES

[21st June, 2000] 16 of 2000.

PART I

organisation party to any of the following Acts of the International Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants - the Act of December 2, 1961, as amended by the additional Act of November 10,

Preliminary

- 1. This Act may be cited as the Protection of New Plant Varieties Act.
- 2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires, "Authority of a Contracting Party" means the Authority entrusted with the implementation of the law on the protection of new varieties of plants for
- "breeder" means the person who has bred or discovered and developed a

that Party;

- variety; "Contracting Party" means a State other than Belize or an intergovernmental
- 1972, the Act of October 23, 1978, and the Act of March 19, 1991; "Convention" means the International Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants of 1978 as last revised;
- "Court" means the Supreme Court of Judicature established under the Supreme Court of Judicature Act, Cap. 91;
 - "holder" means the holder of a breeder's right;
- "Minister" means the Attorney General;

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Short title.

Interpretation.

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or other publication issued by the Office;

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(a) defined by the expression of the characteristics resulting from a given genotype or combination of

"periodical" includes the Gazette, daily newspapers circulating in Belize

"protected variety" means any variety that is the subject of a breeder's

"Register" means the Register of Plant Breeder's Rights in which the matters specified in section 3 of this Act are required to be recorded;

"Registrar" means the Registrar of Companies, Corporate Affairs and Intellectual

"variety" means a plant grouping within a single botanical taxon of the lowest known rank, which grouping, irrespective of whether the conditions

for the grant of a breeder's right are fully met, can be,

(c)

(a)

genotypes;

(b) distinguished from any other plant grouping by the expression of at least one of the said characteristics; and

considered as a unit with regard to its suitability

for being propagated unchanged. **3.–**(1) For the purposes of this Act, the Office shall be responsible for all matters concerning the administration of this Act.

(2) The Registrar shall maintain a Register, to be known as the Register of Plant Breeder's Rights, in which the following shall be entered,

any grant of a breeder's right;

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Administration.

right;

Property; and

contained therein

PART II

Breeder's Right

(a)

variety is,

5. Subject to this section and any other formal requirements of this Act, a right to be known as a breeder's right shall be granted in respect of plant varieties of those genera or species specified in the regulations where the

new;

(b) distinct;

(c) homogenous;

(d) stable; and

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Criteria for protection.

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	(e) given a variety denomination which is acceptable for registration in accordance with section 32 of this Act.
Novelty.	6. –(1) Subject to subsection (2) of this section, a variety shall be new if the propagating or harvested material of the variety has not been sold or

(b)

een sold or otherwise disposed of to others with the authorisation of the plant breeder or his successor in title,

Protection of New Plant Varieties

in Belize, for longer than one year before the date (a) on which protection is applied for under this Act; and

> outside Belize, for longer than six years in the case of trees or vines or longer than four years in

- the case of other plants, before the effective filing date in Belize. (2) It shall not be considered detrimental to the novelty of a variety if the propagating or harvested material of that variety has been sold or
- otherwise disposed of to others in Belize with the authorization of its breeder or his successor in title for up to four years prior to the inclusion of the genus or species to which the variety belongs in the list of genera and species specified in the regulations, and for a maximum of six months after such inclusion where the application is filed within that six month period.

common knowledge at the time of the filing of the application or where relevant, at the priority date. (2) Common knowledge may also be established by reference to various factors such as the exploitation of the variety already in progress, grant of a breeder's right in the variety, entry of the variety in a catalogue

7.–(1) A variety shall be considered to be distinct if it is clearly distinguishable from any other variety whose existence is a matter of

of varieties admitted to trade or entry in the register of varieties kept by a recognised professional association, or inclusion of the variety in a reference collection.

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Distinctness.

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Homogeneity.

Stability.

Right to apply for protection.

- (3) The filing, in any State, of an application for a breeder's right, or for entry in a catalogue of varieties admitted to trade, shall be deemed to render the variety the subject of the application a matter of common knowledge from the date of the application, provided that the application leads to the grant of the breeder's right or the entry in the catalogue, as the case may be
- case may be.

 8. A variety shall be considered to be homogenous if its plants show the same expression of the same characteristics, subject to the variation which
- may be expected in view of the particular features of its propagation.

 9. A variety shall be considered to be stable if its relevant characteristics remain unchanged after repeated propagation or, in the case of a particular

cycle of propagation, at the end of each such cycle.

PART III

Entitlement to Protection

shall be entitled to apply for protection under this Act.

10.–(1) Subject to this Part, the breeder of a variety or his successor in title

- (2) The breeder or his successor in title may be a natural or a legal person.
- (3) Where two or more persons have bred, or discovered and developed, a variety jointly, the right to protection shall vest in them jointly, and subject to any agreement to the contrary between the joint breeders, their shares in the property of the breeder's rights shall be equal.
- (4) Where a variety has been bred, or discovered and developed by several persons independently of each other, the right to apply for the grant of the breeder's right shall belong to the person who has first applied for protection or filed an application with an earlier priority date at the Office.

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Application by person other than owner.	12.—(1) Where an application is filed for a breeder's right by a person who is not entitled to protection, the person entitled may bring an action before the Court for the assignment to him of the application or if the application is already granted, of the breeder's right.		
	(2) No action shall be commenced after five years of the publication of the grant of the breeder's right, save that an action brought against a defendant who has acted in bad faith shall not be subject to any limitation period.		
Persons entitled to file applications.	13. –(1) An application for the grant of a breeder's right may be filed by the owner of a variety who is a national or resident of,		
	(a) Belize;		
	(b) a Contracting Party; or		
	(c) any State which, not being a Contracting Party, grants reciprocity of treatment to Belize.		
	(2) For the purposes of subsection (1) (b) of this section, "national" means, where the Contracting Party is a State, a national of that State, and where the Contracting Party is an intergovernmental organisation, the nationals of the States that are members of that organization.		
Agents.	14. —(1) Every person whose ordinary residence or principal place of business is outside Belize shall be represented by an attorney-at-law who is resident in, and is practicing in Belize in accordance with the relevant law.		
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(5) Where a variety has been bred or discovered and developed in execution of a commission or a contract of employment, the right to apply for protection shall belong, in the absence of contractual provisions to the contrary, to the person who commissioned the work or to the employer.

11. The applicant shall, in the absence of proof to the contrary, be presumed

to be entitled to protection under this Act, but where the application is made by a successor in title it shall be accompanied by sufficient proof of

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the successor's title.

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Presumption

title.

of

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(3) For the purposes of instituting legal proceedings by or against any person represented by an agent, the place which the Office identifies as the address of the agent, or where there are several agents, the address of the main agent, or agent first designated, shall be deemed to be the place where the right in the variety is located.

PART IV

Assignment, Transfer of Application and Scope of Duration of Breeder's Right

- **15.**–(1) An application for the grant of a breeder's right may be assigned or otherwise transferred.
- (2) The assignment or transfer shall be in writing and shall be signed by the parties.
- (3) An assignment or transfer shall be registered in the Register on the written request of the assignor or transferor and on payment of the prescribed fee.
- (4) No assignment or transfer to a successor in title shall have effect against a third party unless it has been registered.
- **16.**—(1) Where there are two or more applicants for the grant of a breeder's right or where there are two or more holders of such a right in any protected variety, in the absence of any agreement to the contrary, each applicant or holder may separately transfer his shares, or exploit the variety as the case may be, or subject to this Act, exclude others from exploiting it.

Joint applications and joint holders of rights.

Assignment transfer.

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<u> </u>	[C/H .233	Trotection of Ivew I turn varieties
	(2) In t	he case of the grant of an exclusive licence, however, the holders
	of the bre	eder's licence may only jointly grant an exclusive licence to a

Protection of New Plant Varieties

of the breeder's licence may only jointly grant an exclusive licence to a third party to exploit the variety. Scope of breeder's

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right.

17.–(1) (a) Subject to sections 18 and 19 of this Act, the following acts in respect of the propagating material of a protected variety shall require the authorization of the holder of the breeder's right granted in respect of the variety,

- (i) production or reproduction (multiplication);
- (ii) conditioning for the purpose of propagation;
- offering for sale; (iii) selling or other marketing;
- exporting; (v)

importing; and

(vii) stocking for any of the purposes referred to in

(iv)

(vi)

(b) The holder may make his authorisation subject to conditions and limitations

sub-paragraphs (i) to (vi) of this subsection.

(2) Subject to sections 18 and 19 of this Act, the acts referred to in subsection (1) (a) (i) to (vii) of this section, in respect of harvested material, including entire plants and parts of plants, obtained through the unauthorized use of the propagating material of the protected variety shall require the authorisation of the holder, unless the holder has had reasonable opportunity, before the harvested material is obtained, to exercise his right in relation to the unauthorized use of the propagating material.

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(3) (a) The provisions of subsections (1) and (2) of this section, shall also apply in relation to varieties,

(iii)

- (i) which are essentially derived from the protected variety, where the protected variety is not itself an essentially derived variety;
- (ii) which are not clearly distinguishable in accordance with section 7 of this Act from the protected variety; and

whose production requires the repeated

variety, or from a variety that is itself predominantly derived from the initial variety, while retaining the expression

- use of the protected variety.

 For the purposes of subparagraph (a) (i) of this
- (b) For the purposes of subparagraph (a) (i) of this subsection, a variety shall be deemed to be essentially derived from another variety ("the initial variety") where,(i) it is predominantly derived from the initial
 - of the essential characteristics that result from the genotypes of the initial variety;

 (ii) it is clearly distinguishable from the
 - initial variety; and
 - (iii) except for the differences which result from the act of derivation, it conforms to the initial variety in the expression of the essential characteristics that result from the genotype or combination of genotypes of the initial variety.

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	of a varie	variant individual from plants of the initial ety, backcrossing, or transformation by genetic neering.
Exceptions to breeder's right.	18. –(1) The breeder's right sl	nall not extend to,
	. ,	done privately and for non-commercial oses;
	(b) acts	done for experimental purposes; and
	and, this	done for the purpose of breeding other varieties, except where the provisions of section 7 (3) of Act, apply, acts referred to in section 17 (1) and f the Act in respect of such other varieties.
	subject to the safeguarding breeder's rights, restrict the any specified plant genera or propagating purposes, on the which they have obtained by	y regulations, within reasonable limits and of the legitimate interests of the holders of breeder's right in relation to the varieties of species in order to permit farmers to use for eir own holdings, the product of the harvest planting, on their own holdings, the protected by section 17 (3) (a) (i) or (ii) of this Act.
Exhaustion of breeder's right.	of the protected variety, or section 17 (3) of this Act, wh	Il not extend to acts concerning any material of a variety covered by the provisions of nich has been sold or otherwise marketed by int in Belize, or any material derived from the s,
		lve further propagation of the variety in tion; or
		lve an export of material of the variety, the enables the propagation of the variety, into
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Essentially derived varieties may be obtained for example by the selection of a natural or induced mutant, or of a somaclonal variant, the selection

(c)

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Maintenance of propagating mate-

Period of protec-

[CAP. 255]

a country which does not protect varieties of the plant genus or species to which the variety belongs, except where the exported material is for final consumption purposes.

- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1) of this section, "material" means, in relation to a variety,
 - (a) propagating material of any kind; and
 - (b) harvested material, including entire plants and parts of plants.
- **20.**—(1) The holder of a breeder's right shall, throughout the period for which the right is exercisable, be under an obligation to provide the Registrar with propagating material capable of producing plants which

correspond to the characteristics defined for the variety when the right was

(2) The holder of a breeder's right shall also provide the Registrar with all such information and assistance as the Registrar may request for the purpose of ensuring that the holder of the breeder's right is fulfilling his obligations under subsection (1) of this section, including facilities for the inspection by or on behalf of the Registrar of the measures taken for the maintenance of the variety.

granted.

respect of vines, forest trees, fruit trees and ornamental trees including in each case, their root stocks, shall expire twenty-five years after the grant thereof.

21.–(1) Subject to subsection (2) of this section, the breeder's right in

- (2) Protection for all other genera or species shall expire twenty years after the grant thereof.
- (3) Where in the cases referred to in section 6 (2) of this Act, a variety has already been offered for sale or marketed in Belize for a period of more than one year before the date of the filing of the application, the duration of the protection shall be reduced by the number of full years

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	minus one year that have elapsed since the beginning of the offering for sale or the marketing, with the authorisation of the breeder or his successor in title, before the filing of the application.	
Renewal fees.	22. The holder shall, every year during the period of protection, pay the Registrar the annual renewal fee prescribed, which fee shall fall due at the beginning of the calendar year to which it relates, and shall be payable by the 31st of January of each such calendar year.	
	PART V	
	Termination, Invalidation , Forfeiture and Application Procedure etc.	
Termination of protection.	23. –(1) The breeder's right shall terminate before the term expires where the holder of that right renounces it by written declaration addressed to the Registrar.	
	(2) The date of termination shall be that specified in the declaration or if none is specified the date on which the declaration is received by the Registrar.	
Invalidation.	24. —(1) The Registrar shall invalidate a breeder's right at the request of any interested person where it is established that,	
	(a) the variety is not new or distinct within the meaning of, and on applicable dates referred to in, sections 6 and 7 of this Act; or	
	(b) the holder of the right is not the owner of the variety.	
	(2) Where the fee prescribed in accordance with section 26 (1) of this Act, is not paid within three months of the request being filed, the request shall be deemed never to have been filed.	

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Forfeiture.

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- 25.–(1) The Registrar shall declare the breeder's right to be forfeited where the holder of the right,
 - is no longer in a position to provide the Registrar, (a) if he requests it, with the propagating material capable of producing plants which correspond to the characteristics defined for the variety when the right was granted;
 - does not fulfil his obligation under section 20 (2) of *(b)*
 - does not, three months after he has been reminded in (c) writing to do so by the Registrar, pay the renewal fee.
- (2) A licence agreement made under this Act shall become ineffective if the breeder's right under which it was granted is invalidated or forfeited, save however that no payment of any royalty which was due before the date of invalidation or forfeiture can be demanded by the licensee in view

this Act; and

of that invalidation or forfeiture

fee prescribed is not paid. (2) The application shall be filed in a written reasoned statement and

26.–(1) An application for the invalidation of a breeder's right may be filed

by any interested person and shall be deemed not to have been filed if the

- may be filed even after the breeder's right has expired.
- (3) The application may not be filed during the period in which an appeal may still be made against the grant of the breeder's right or while proceedings on such appeal are still pending before the Court.
- (4) The Registrar shall not accept the application if it is not accompanied by a reasoned statement, or if it was filed during the period within which an appeal could still be made against the grant of the breeder's right, or while proceedings on such an appeal are still pending before the Court.

Procedure in cases of requests for in-

validation.

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of the breeder's right and may obtain any other evidence and shall conduct the hearing on his own initiative.

(6) The Registrar shall discontinue the hearing if the request for the

(5) Where he accepts the application, the Registrar shall hear the holder

- invalidation is withdrawn.

 (7) Where the Pagistrar finds that the application is not justified by
- (7) Where the Registrar finds that the application is not justified, he shall reject it.
- (8) Where the Registrar finds that the application is justified he shall declare the breeder's right null and void.

27.–(1) Proceedings for forfeiture of a breeder's right shall be initiated by

the Registrar if the requirement specified in section 25 (1) (a) of this Act is fulfilled, or may be initiated by the Registrar or a third person if any of the requirements specified in section 25 (1) (b) and (c) of the Act are fulfilled.

(2) An application shall not be necessary for the commencement of such proceedings but where any such application is filed, the Registrar

- shall treat it as a suggestion to initiate official proceedings.

 (3) Before declaring a breeder's right to be forfeited, the Registrar shall
- hear the holder of that right.

 (4) Where after having heard the holder of the breeder's right, the
- Registrar finds that there is no reason to declare the right forfeited, he shall declare the proceedings terminated and inform the holder of the right accordingly in writing.
- (5) Where the Registrar declares a breeder's right forfeited, he shall inform the holder in writing, giving reasons therefor and shall state the date of forfeiture.

28.–(1) An applicant for the protection of a variety shall file an application with the Registrar in the prescribed form.

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Procedure for for-

feiture of breed-

er's right.

Application.

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- (2) The application form shall be accompanied by the technical questionnaire in the prescribed form for the relevant genus or species, which shall be completed by the applicant to the best of his knowledge.
 - (3) At the request of the Registrar, the applicant shall, on the date and at the place fixed by the Registrar, submit the amount of propagating material determined by the Registrar.
- (4) Every application received by the Registrar and completed in accordance with this section shall, along with the date of filing, the name and address of the applicant and the original breeder, the variety denomination proposed under section 32 of this Act and the main characteristics of the variety as indicated in the application, be published in a periodical.
- (5) The application shall be accompanied by the application fee prescribed.
- (6) The refusal or withdrawal of an application shall also be published in a periodical.
- 29.—(1) The applicant may avail himself of the priority of an earlier

application (hereinafter referred to as the "right of priority") that has been duly filed for the same variety by himself or by his predecessor in title with

- (2) Where the application filed with the Registrar is preceded by several such applications, priority may be based only on the earliest application.
- (3) The right of priority shall be expressly claimed in the application filed with the Registrar and may only be claimed within a period of twelve months from the date of filing of the earliest application, but the day of filing shall not be included in the said period.
- **30.**–(1) In order to avail himself of the right of priority, the applicant shall submit to the Registrar within three months of filing the application in Belize, a copy of the documents that constitute the earlier application, certified to be a true copy by the Authority with which that application

Documents and material to be furnished

for priority.

Priority.

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was filed.

the Authority of a Contracting Party.

date of receipt of the request. (3) The effect of the right of priority shall be that, with respect to the

(2) Where the earlier application is not in English, the Registrar may request that a translation thereof be produced within three months from the

deemed to have been filed at the date of the filing of the earlier application. (4) The applicant may declare that he will submit the propagating

conditions of protection attached to the variety, the application shall be

- material referred to in section 28 (3) of this Act or any additional documents required by the Registrar at a later date, but no later than two years after the end of the priority period unless the earlier application referred to in subsection (1) of this section has been withdrawn or refused in the country in which it was filed.
- (5) If any of the provisions of this section are not complied with, the application shall be dealt with as if no priority has been claimed.

31. Any application or other document filed under this Act (not being an Where application is not in English. application or document referred to in section 30 of this Act) shall, if not in English, be accompanied by a translation thereof in English, verified by the translator that the translation is to the best of his knowledge complete and faithful.

PART VI

Variety Denomination, Examination of Application, Opposition, etc.

32.–(1) The applicant for a breeder's right shall, within three months of the Application and procedure for variety filing of the application, propose on the form issued by the Registrar for that purpose, a variety denomination in accordance with subsections (2) and (3) of this section.

> (2) A variety denomination may consist of one word, a combination of not more than three words, a combination of words and figures, of words and letters or of letters and figures, but shall not consist wholly of figures

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denomination.

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save however that in a word/figure combination, the figures shall have a meaning in relation to the words.

- (3) No person shall use as a variety denomination a designation which,
- (a) does not enable the variety to be identified;
 - (b) is liable to mislead a person of average attentiveness or to cause confusion concerning the origin
 - or to cause confusion concerning the origin, derivation, characteristics, value or identity of the variety, or the identity of the breeder;

 (c) is identical to or can be confused with a variety denomination which in Belize or in another State

party to the Convention designates an existing variety of the same or of a related botanical

would prohibit the use of the designation as a

genus or species, or includes such a name, where this is likely to mislead or cause confusion;

- species, save however that the denomination shall be admissible if the other variety is not registered and has not been grown for a considerable time;

 (d) is identical to or can be confused with a designation in which a third party enjoys a prior right which
- (e) is contrary to public policy or morality;(f) refers solely to attributes which are also common

variety denomination;

- in other varieties of the species concerned;

 (g) consists of a botanical or common name of a
- (h) suggests that the variety is derived from or related to another variety when this is not the case;
- (i) includes words such as "variety", "cultivar", "form", "hybrid", "cross" or a translation of such words; or

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(j)

Use of the variety denomination.

registered variety

denomination.

of the variety. (4) Where a variety is already protected by a Contracting Party or where an application for the protection of the same variety is filed in such State, only the variety denomination which has been proposed or registered in that other State may be proposed and registered, and the Registrar shall

is, for reasons other than those mentioned in this subsection, not suitable as a generic designation

(5) Where the variety denomination used in the other State is inappropriate for linguistic reasons, or for any reason specified in subsection (3) of this section, the Registrar may request the applicant to propose another variety denomination.

not register any other designation as a denomination for the variety,

(6) The Registrar shall publish in a periodical the variety denominations which have been proposed to him, or registered or cancelled by him.

33.–(1) Any person who offers for sale or markets propagating material

of a variety protected in Belize shall, even after the expiration of the

the registered variety denomination provided that the denomination is

- protection, use the registered variety denomination only in so far as prior rights do not prevent such use. (2) When a protected variety is offered for sale or marketed, a trademark, trade name or other similar indication may be associated with
- (3) The holder of a breeder's right may not invoke any trademark, trade name or other right in his possession against a variety denomination legitimately used in the offering for sale or marketing of the variety by another person, even after the expiration of the protection.
- **34.** Prior rights of third parties in a designation shall not be affected by

35.–(1) The Registrar shall cancel any registered variety denomination at

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- Prior rights of third parties. this Act. Cancellation of a
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easily recognisable.

the request of,

(a)

(c)

acceptable, register it.

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- any interested person or on his own initiative if the denomination should not have been registered or if, subsequent to registration, facts become known which would have justified the rejection of the denomination;
- *(b)* the holder of the breeder's right or of a third person, if a final court decision is delivered according to which the variety denomination must be cancelled or if it is established that a third-party right exists

right agrees to the cancellation; or

in the denomination and the holder of the breeder's

a person who is obliged to use the variety denomination under section 33 (1) of this Act, if he is prohibited by a final court decision from using that denomination, provided that the holder

- of the breeder's right had participated or had been given the opportunity to participate in the court proceedings. (2) Where he cancels the variety denomination, the Registrar shall request the holder of a breeder's right to submit, within the time specified by
- (3) Where the proposal for a new variety denomination is not acceptable, the Registrar shall again request the holder to submit another

him, a proposal for a new variety denomination, and shall, if the proposal is

- (4) The Registrar shall establish, at the request of the holder or a third person, a provisional variety denomination where the holder or the third person demonstrates a legitimate interest.
- (5) Where, after the period for submitting a proposal for a new variety denomination has expired, the holder of the breeder's right has not submitted the requested proposal, the Registrar may establish on his own initiative, a provisional variety or permanent variety denomination.

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proposal for a new variety denomination.

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36. The Registrar shall accord, as the filing date of the application, the date

of receipt of the application form and the technical questionnaire, duly

37.–(1) The Registrar shall examine the application to determine whether

it and its supporting documents fulfil the requirements for applications

fulfils the requirements of novelty and where those requirements are not

completed.

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Filing date.

Formal examination of application.

Examination of novelty, distinctiveness,

> year or for the first testing period examine whether the variety fulfils the requirements of distinctness, homogeneity and stability.

may arrange to have the examination done by another national or foreign governmental authority and shall base his decision on the results of that examination.

(5) The Registrar may treat the examination results obtained from, and expert opinions given by foreign governmental authorities, as results obtained from and opinions given by the Registrar himself.

(4) Where the Registrar determines that it is expedient to do so, he

testing fee for that year or testing period and failure to do so by the applicant shall cause the application to be rejected. (3) The Registrar shall after receiving the testing fee for the first

fulfilled, the Registrar shall reject the application. (2) The Registrar shall invite the applicant, on a date fixed by him before the beginning of each year or testing period, to pay the prescribed

38.–(1) The Registrar shall examine the variety to determine whether it

to the applicant a further period to complete the application or to submit the propagating material, but no such further period may be granted which will expire later than three months after the application date or the date fixed for submission of the material, as the case may be.

under this Act and whether the required amount of propagating material has been submitted on the due date and at the proper place. (2) Where any of the requirements referred to in subsection (1) of this section, have not been complied with, the Registrar shall reject the application for the grant of a breeder's right, unless the Registrar grants

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Grant and refusal of breeder's right.

Provisional protec-

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- (6) Subject to section 30(4) of this Act, the Registrar may, where necessary for an examination, request the applicant to submit additional material or documents within the period specified in the request and where the applicant fails to do so, without giving valid reasons for such failure, he shall reject the application.
- the applicant fails to do so, without giving valid reasons for such failure, he shall reject the application. **39.**–(1) Where the examination shows that the application satisfies the requirements of novelty, distinctness, homogeneity and of stability and that the proposed denomination of the variety can be registered, the Registrar
- (2) Where the examination shows that the variety is neither distinct, homogenous nor stable, the Registrar shall reject the application.

(3) Where the examination shows that the proposed denomination of

- the variety cannot be registered, the Registrar shall request the applicant to submit another denomination within a period fixed by him, failing which he shall reject the application.
- (4) Where the Registrar makes a decision to grant a breeder's right, he shall publish that decision in a periodical and he shall also reflect in the periodical that an application for such a right has been made.

40.–(1) Where a breeder's right is granted the holder of the right shall be

entitled to equitable compensation for anything done during the application

- period which if done after the grant of the right, would constitute an infringement of it.
- (2) In this section, "application period", in relation to the grant of a breeder's right, means the period,
 - (a) beginning with the day on which details of the application for the grant of the right were published in a periodical pursuant to section 28 (4) of this Act; and
 - (b) ending with the grant of the right.

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shall grant a breeder's right.

28	[CAP.255	Protection of New Plant Varieties
Opposition.	\ /	Vithin three months of the date of publication of the grant of a
	breeder's	right, any interested person may on payment of the prescribed

(b)

fee file with the Registrar an opposition against the grant of the right.

(2) The opposition shall be based on any of the following grounds, namely that,

- (a) the applicant is not the owner of the variety;
- 11
 - dates in accordance with sections 6, 7 and 30 (3) of this Act;

 (c) it is neither homogenous nor stable;

the variety is not new or distinct at the pertinent

- (d) the variety denomination that the Registrar intends to register is inadmissible.
- (3) Where the opposition is justified, the decision that a plant breeder's right be granted shall, subject to subsection (5) of this section, be revoked and the application rejected.
 - (4) Where the opposition is not justified, it shall be rejected.
- (5) Where the opposition based on the claim that the variety denomination is inadmissible is justified, the Registrar shall revoke the decision that a breeder's right be granted and shall reopen the granting procedure by requesting the applicant to submit another denomination, failing which he shall refuse the application.
- (6) Where no opposition is filed within the period specified in subsection (1) or if all oppositions filed within that period have been rejected, the Registrar shall grant the breeder's right and register the variety denomination.
- (7) The Registrar shall publish the grant of the breeder's right in a periodical.

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Proceedings fore the Office.

[CAP. 255]

PART VII

Miscellaneous

- **42.**–(1) The Registrar may, in any proceedings under this Act, conduct an oral hearing.
- (2) Hearings in proceedings concerning the assignment of an application, the transfer of a breeder's right or the invalidation or forfeiture of such right shall be public, unless the legitimate interests of any person might be prejudiced thereby.
- (3) In proceedings before the Registrar, evidence may be obtained either by hearing any of the parties to the proceedings, or experts or witnesses, or by requesting the competent court of the country of residence of the person concerned to take such evidence.
- (4) Evidence may also be obtained by requesting the submission of documents and other information by, or in the possession of, any party to the proceedings, or information from another government authority, an expert opinion, by inspecting the installations of any party to the proceedings with that party's consent, or by requesting the submission of a sworn statement in writing by any party to the proceedings or by any witness or expert.
- (5) A decision of the Registrar may be based only on grounds or evidence on which any party to the proceedings whose rights are affected by that decision has had an opportunity to submit his comments.
- (6) Facts or evidence which are not submitted when requested by any party to the proceedings may be disregarded by the Registrar.
- (7) Unless stated to the contrary in this Act, the Registrar may commence the necessary investigations of his own volition and he shall not be restricted to the facts, evidence or arguments provided by any party to the proceedings.

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Appeals.

Civil proceedings.

that right.

the Registrar concerning any proceedings pending before him, but that person shall not become a party to those proceedings by the mere fact of such submission.

(9) Observations and suggestions thus submitted shall be communicated

in writing to the applicant or the holder of the breeder's right as the case may be.

(10) The Registrar shall confirm the receipt of such observations or suggestions in writing but need not inform the person having submitted them of any steps taken by him or of his opinion on the observations or suggestions submitted.

43.–(1) Any person aggrieved by a decision of the Registrar under this Act

breeder's right shall be actionable in the Court at the suit of the holder of

17 of this Act:

may appeal against that decision to the Court.

(2) The appeal shall be filed not more than three months after the Registrar has notified the appellant of his decision or, where no notification

has been made to him, not more than three months after the publication of the decision in the periodical.

44.–(1) Subject to this Act, infringements of the right of the holder of a

(2) In any proceedings for an infringement, the plaintiff in proceedings for infringement shall be entitled to relief by way of,

(a) an injunction to prohibit the committing or continuation of committing an infringement of the holder of the breeder's right set out in section

(b) forfeiture, seizure or destruction of propagating material which has been produced in contravention of a breeder's right; and

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(c)

Criminal liability for non-compliance or

misuse of variety de-

Licence contracts.

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- damages taking into account the pecuniary and non-pecuniary loss suffered by the holder of the breeder's right.
- (3) Where the person alleged to have infringed a right did not know or could not reasonably be expected to have known that he was engaged in an activity that infringed a right, the Court may limit damages to the profits attributable to the infringement.
- (4) The Court shall not, in respect of the same infringement, both award the holder of the breeder's right damages and order that he be given an account of profits.
- **45.**–(1) Any person who wilfully offers for sale or markets propagating material of a variety protected in Belize or a denomination likely to cause confusion therewith, or another variety of the same botanical or a related species commits an offence and is liable to a fine of not less than five thousand dollars but not more than fifteen thousand dollars.
- (2) Any person who wilfully makes use of the registered variety denomination of a variety protected in Belize or a denomination likely to cause confusion therewith, or another variety of the same botanical or a related species commits an offence and is liable to a fine of not less than five thousand dollars but not more than fifteen thousand dollars.

46.–(1) The applicant for, or the holder of, a breeder's right may grant to

any person an exclusive or a non-exclusive licence relating to all or any of

- the rights provided for under this Act.
 - (2) The licence contract shall be in writing.
- (3) A licence contract shall be registered by the Registrar and shall have no effect against a third party until it has been registered.
 - (4) The grant of an exclusive licence shall be published in a periodical.
- **47.** In the absence of any provision to the contrary in a licence contract,

the grant of a licence shall not prevent the licensor from granting further

Right of licensor to grant further

licences or to ex-

ploit the variety.

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licences to third parties or from exploiting the variety himself.

32	[CAP.255	Protection of New Plant Varieties
Non-assignat		he absence of provisions to the contrary in a licence contract, rights

(2) The declaration shall be addressed to the Registrar and a reference to that effect shall be entered in the Register.

Certain clauses in contract void.

Licences of right.

Compulsory licenc-

49. A clause in a licence contract or relating to such a contract shall be null and void in so far as it imposes upon the licensee restrictions that do not derive from the rights conferred by the breeder's right or are unnecessary for the safeguarding of the right.

granted therein shall not be assigned to a third party by the licensee.

50.–(1) Any holder of a breeder's right or any applicant for the grant of a breeder's right may declare that any person prepared to pay a royalty is entitled to use his variety as from the date on which he has informed the holder or applicant accordingly.

to that effect shall be entered in the Register.

(3) The royalty payable by the licensee of right shall be stated in the

entered in the Register.

(4) After the entry in the Register, the holder of the breeder's right shall

declaration to which subsection (1) of this section refers, and shall also be

pay only half of the prescribed renewal fees.

(5) The Registrar may cancel the entry, under subsection (2) of this

section at the request of the holder of the breeder's right if all beneficiaries agree.

51.–(1) At any time after the expiration of three years from the date of grant of a breeder's right under this Act, any interested person may apply to the Court for the grant of a compulsory licence in respect of any breeder's right on the ground that it is necessary to safeguard the public interest in Belize

(2) Subject to subsections (4), (5) and (6) of this section, where the Court is satisfied that the ground referred to in subsection (1) of this section is established, the Court may make an order for the grant of the licence in accordance with the application on such terms as it thinks fit.

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- (3) A licence granted under this section shall confer, on the owner, the non-exclusive right to perform any activity referred to in section 17 for the supply of the national market.
 - (4) Any person to whom a licence is granted under this section shall pay the licensor the remuneration agreed upon or determined by a method agreed upon between that person and the licensor or in default of agreement, as is determined by the Court on the application of either party.
 - (5) The Court may require the holder of the breeder's right to hold available for the owner of the compulsory licence the amount of propagating material necessary for making reasonable use of the compulsory licence against payment of adequate remuneration to the holder of the right and under conditions which are economically acceptable to him.
 - (6) A licence shall not be granted under this section unless,
 - (a) the applicant for the licence is financially able and otherwise in a position to exploit the breeder's right in a competent and business-like manner, and must be prepared to do so;
 - (b) the holder of the breeder's right has refused to permit the applicant for the licence to produce or market propagating material of the protected variety in a manner sufficient for the needs of the general public as referred to in subsection (1) of this section or is not prepared to give such permission under reasonable terms; and
 - (c) the applicant for the compulsory licence has paid the prescribed fee for the grant of such licence.
 - (7) The duration of the licence shall be fixed by the Court and shall not, except under extraordinary circumstances, be granted for less than two or more than four years, but the period may be extended if the Court is satisfied, on the basis of a new application, that the conditions for granting a compulsory licence continue to exist after the expiration of the first period.

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- national non-governmental organisations in the field of plant breeding and the seed trade.

 (9) Where the Court is satisfied that the grounds on which any licence
- granted under this section have ceased to exist or that its owner has failed to comply with the conditions under which it was granted it may on the application of any interested party terminate such licence.

Legal proceedings by licensee.

52.—(1) Any licensee under a contractual or compulsory licence or a licensee of right may request the licensor to institute legal action necessary to obtain civil remedies or criminal penalties in respect of any infringement of the breeder's right indicated by the licensee.

action within three months after the request has been made, the licensee may institute such action in his own name, without prejudice to the right of the licensor to intervene if such action is civil in nature.

(2) Where the licensor refuses or neglects to institute the said legal

(2) Without prejudice to subsection (1) of this section, regulations

53.–(1) The Minister may make regulations for any matter required to be

- made by the Minister under this section may provide for the following,
 - (a) the procedure of the Office in respect of the receiving and handling of applications, the conduct of the examination of varieties and of variety denominations, the handling of oppositions, the grant of breeder's rights, and the refusal of applications;
 - (b) the invalidation or forfeiture of breeder's rights, the assignment of an application or the transfer of a breeder's right to the owner of the variety and the cancellation of variety denominations;

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prescribed by this Act.

Regulations.

(c)

(g)

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the cooperation with germplasm banks or other institutions for the conservation of genetic material;

the maintenance and conservation of samples,

- (d) the establishment and maintenance of a variety register and the receiving and filing of any document concerning breeder's rights;
- (e) the amounts and the collection of all fees provided for under this Act;
- (f) the making of additional rules to prevent the use of the same or confusing denominations for more than one variety and to regulate the relationship between variety denominations and trademarks;

the administration of the Register provided for under

section 3 of this Act including the determination of

- the facts to be registered; and(h) any other matter necessary for giving effect to the purpose of this Act or relating to the
- (3) In compiling the list of genera or species required to be published under this Act, the Minister may exclude all varieties of that genus or species which are not characterized by a particular manner of reproduction or multiplication or by a certain end-use.

administration of this Act.

(4) Where a genus or species is deleted from the list of genera and species to which this Act applies with effect from a given date, the deletion shall not affect the rights of applicants who have filed applications for the protection of varieties of that genus or species before that date.